Gayla Sink

From:

Babe Paukstys <voguebabe@sbcglobal.net>

Sent:

Friday, September 20, 2024 1:42 PM

To:

Gayla Sink

Subject:

Documents Requested from USA-IL

Attachments:

Resolution for Franklin County - Sept. 16 Presentation.docx; USA_Election Scorecard_IL_11-27-23_withContactinfo_Locked.pdf; USA 20 State Summary Graphics.jpg; USA The

Only Route to Honest Elections in 2024.jpg; USA Placard Verbiage.jpg

Dear Gayla,

Thank you for reaching back out to me for this information that we submitted (two copies of each) to Board Chairman Miller on Monday evening. I am happy to provide you with your own copies.

Please find the attached documents below:

1.) The Resolution for a Legally Valid 2024 General Election (5-page document)

2.) Illinois' 2022 General Election Validity Scorecard (1-page document)

I am proud to be a volunteer with the Illinois Chapter of United Sovereign Americans. Although we are not official spokespersons, Kurt Pilz, Brian Jones, Joe Bridge & I would like to thank you & your entire County Board for listening to our presentation earlier this week!

We appreciated the questions that were asked of us, which we tried to answer to the best of our abilities. Please note that on the bottom right-hand corner of the Scorecard document, our director's name and contact information can be found. As we already indicated to the Board Members, our Illinois Chapter directors, Ken & Jodie Zitko, would be pleased to be invited back & placed on your agenda if that would aid in the Board's ability to consider passing this Election Validity Resolution. They could provide a more thorough presentation of our findings & answer questions in more detail.

I am also taking this opportunity to add 3 more attachments to this email. They further explain our non-partisan, grass roots' organization's goals & provide a multi-state compilation of Scorecard data from 20 states across America.

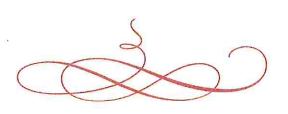
We believe in Real Voters, Real Votes, Real Counts & Real Verification.

I trust that most Americans who love our precious country concur with those 4 concepts, as well.

Again, Thank You!

Sincerely,

Babe Paukstys 773-447-8710



-* Resolution *-

for a Legally Valid 2024 General Election



There are and fair elections. "And the right of suffrage can be denied by a debasement or dilution of the weight of a citizen's vote just as effectively as by wholly prohibiting the free exercise of the franchise." (Reynolds v. Sims, 377 U.S. 533 (1964))

accurate and free from distortion or manipulation. "Congress seeks...to guard the election of members of Congress against any possible unfairness by compelling... everyone concerned in holding the election to a strict and scrupulous observance of every duty devolved upon him while so engaged... The evil intent consists in disobedience to the law." (In Re Coy, 127 U.S. 731 (1888))

when the following four tenets of an election are upheld:

- 1. The Voter Rolls Must Be Accurate (National Voter Registration Act, 1993).
- Votes Counted Must Be From Eligible Voters (US Constitution, Fourteenth Amendment, Section Two).
- The Number of Votes Counted Must Equal the Number of Voters Who Voted.
- 4. There Can Be No More Than One in 125,000 Ballots in Error by the Voting System (Help America Vote Act, 2002).



conducted by Illinois state citizens has uncovered evidence of massive inaccuracies that violate both Federal and State laws, including:

- 4,032,801 ineligible or uncertain registration violations found within the Illinois State voter roll database.
- 589,985 votes cast by ineligible or uncertain registrations.
- 27,491 more votes counted than voters who voted in the 2022 general election.
 No one knows who cast them.
- **589,952** apparent voting violations in excess of the legal standard of system accuracy for a valid federal election. Maximum allowable system errors for the 2022 general election in Illinois was **33**.
- Certification as defined by law, an attestation of accuracy and compliance, appears
 to have been fraudulent and illegal.

system during a Federal Election. Accuracy is defined as the ability of the system to capture and report the specific selections, and absence of selections, made by a voter without error.

The intent of the voters must be known factually before certification can be lawfully conducted. Certification of an election that varies from the law is an abridgement of the civil rights of the citizens, a fraud *ab initio*. (United States v. Throckmorton, 98 U.S. 61 (1878)). "From time immemorial, an election to public office has been, in point of substance, no more and no less than the expression by qualified electors of their choice of candidates." (United States v. Classic, 313 U.S. 299 (1941))

depriving us of the guaranteed protection of our Natural Rights under a government duly and provably chosen by us, the American people, resulting in incalculable damage to our families, our way of life, and the fabric of these United States.

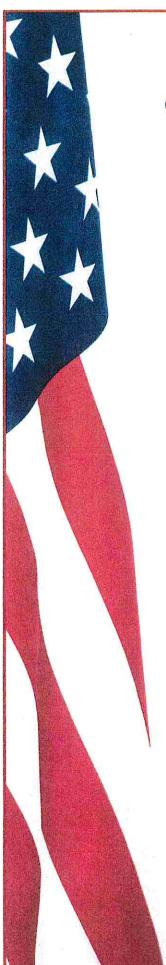


Therefore We call upon our Representatives to provide relief to the people, and the assurance of domestic tranquility, by joining us in demanding a VALID 2024 General Election that upholds these existing laws, and equitable principles of law:

- Proof of citizenship, identity and eligibility to register and vote, not anonymous attestation.
- Voter rolls certified accurate and available for public review and challenge 30 days before the start of early voting. Voters added after that date must bring proof of citizenship, identity, and address in person to a qualified official at each polling place.
- Hand-marked, secure ballots similar to currency. Where imaging technology is
 used for tabulation, the security features must be verifiable in the ballot image.
- Systems, machines, security measures, infrastructure and conduct are required to be compliant with federal law for fraud prevention regarding risk assessment, certification, testing, and implementation.
- 5. Adjudication must be signed-off by party, candidate, and trained citizen witnesses after being given full and effective observation rights. Candidates and trained citizens must be allowed immediate access to ballots, ballot images and CVRs.
- **6.** Ballots, regardless of entry source, election operations, and systems must maintain end-to-end chain of custody from voter to vote count to final canvass, including auditability and witnessed transfer with paper records.
- 7. A NIST-compliant, randomized, statistically valid end-to-end audit, with a 95% confidence level, of all elections pursuant to the 14th Amendment, Section 2 must be performed. These audits are to be conducted by qualified, insured and bonded security, forensics or financial auditors, not personnel from within the election system. Reconciliation will include the vote count, real physical ballots, adjudication, CVRs, ballot count, qualified voter count, custody transfer, and all other paper and electronic election systems, including logs.
- 8. If the total of all unique variances above is more than 10% of the margin of victory, a new election must be held in the state for those candidates affected, unless the issues can be provably corrected by a manual hand recount and a full review of records.
- Waiver of requirements is not allowed. Only end-to-end system compliance, from registration through certification, can guarantee the intent of the people is accurately recorded.

— Resolution on following page —

and both State and County E of the people.	Boards of	Elections	to cooperate and fulfill these firm requests
RESULTS OF THE VOTE	YEA	NAY	SIGNATURE
Chairman Larry Miller (District 2)			
Vice-Chairman Neil Hargis (District 1)	-	-	
Curtis Overton (District 1)			
Angela Evans (District 1)		-	
Brad Wilson (District 2)			
Ray Minor (District 2)			
John Gossett (District 3)	(Fig. 1)		
David Bartoni (District 3)	10		
Kevin Weston (District 3)			
	-		
Us recorded on the	(ર્ઈ	, 2024.



Appendix to the Resolution

Research Sources for the Open-Source Audit by Illinois state citizens:

- A copy of the Illinois Voter Registration data obtained by request from the Illinois State Board of Elections, dated January 25, 2023.
- Certified Statewide General Elections Results, downloaded from the official website of the ILSBOE (elections.il.gov) titled, "Official Canvass General Election November 8, 2022"

Relevant Laws applicable to a valid election process:

- US Constitution; Article 1, Section 4.
- H.R. 2 The National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (Pub. L. 103-31).
- H.R. 3295 The Help America Vote Act of 2002 (Pub.L. 107-252).
- Federal Election Assistance Commission Voting System Standards Volume I: Performance Standards, April, 2002.
- Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014 (Public Law 113-283). originally Federal Information Security Management Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-347 (Title III)).
- National Institute of Standards and Technology SP 800-53: Security and Privacy Controls for Information Systems and Organizations.
- FIPS 199 Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems.
- U.S. Code: Title 52; Subtitle I—Voting Rights (§§ 10101 10702), Subtitle II—Voting Assistance and Election Administration (§§ 20101 – 21145) including:
 - ♦ 52 USC § 10101(b)—Intimidation, threats, or coercion.
 - 52 USC § 10307(c)—False Information in, and Payments for, Registering and Voting.
 - 52 USC § 20701—Retention and preservation of records and papers by officers of elections.
 - 52 USC § 20702—Theft, destruction, concealment, mutilation, or alteration of records or papers.
 - 52 USC § 21081—Voting systems standards (HAVA).
 - ◆ 52 USC § 21083—Computerized statewide voter registration list requirements and requirements for voters who register by mail.
- 18 USC § 241—Conspiracy Against Rights.
- 18 USC § 242—Deprivation of Rights Under Color of Law.
- 18 USC § 1519—False Records in the Administration of a Federal Matter.
- 18 USC § 1028A—Aggravated Identity Theft.
- 18 USC § 514—Fictitious obligations.
- Illinois Compiled Statutes (10 ILCS 5/) Election Code
- Illinois Criminal Code: Illinois Compiled Statutes (720 ILCS 5/16-30) Identity theft
- Illinois Criminal Code: Illinois Compiled Statutes (720 ILCS 5/17-3) Forgery



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Illinois' 2022 General Election Validity Scorecard

ineligible or Uncertain Registration Type	Number of Instances
llegal duplicate registrations	483,56
Voted before registered	2,843,86
Inactive registration that was never active	11,93
Questionable inactive status	8,68
Voted while inactive	76
Back dated registrations	47,68
Record shows modification prior to registration date	4,34
Invalid or illogical registration date	230,12
Age discrepant registrants (No age, younger than 17 or older than 115 - oldest known person in US)	21,09
Registrations with questionable address	219,04
Deleted Registration (Cast ballot, but deleted before federally required retainage period ended)	161,68
APPARENT REGISTRATION VIOLATIONS:	4,032,80

2. Were the votes counted from eligible voters, as required by the US Constitution?		
Ineligible or Uncertain Registration Type that Voted in 2022 GE	Votes cast in 2022 GI	
Illegal duplicate registrations	269,284	
Voted before registered	151,318	
Inactive registration that was never active	104	
Questionable inactive status	2,088	
Registered after 2022 GE, yet voted	46,284	
Voter was inactive when voting in 2022 GE	642	
Back dated registrations	13,076	
Record shows modification prior to registration date	1,223	
nvalid or illogical registration date	143,002	
Age discrepant registrants (younger than 17 or older than 115, the oldest known person in US)	8,591	
Registrations with questionable address	68,793	
APPARENT VOTING VIOLATIONS:	704,40	
JNIQUE VOTES IMPACTED BY APPARENT VOTING VIOLATIONS:	589,98	

1	3. Was the number of votes counted equal to the number of voters who voted?				
	Official Source	Reported Total			
	Illinois SB0E Official Results of 2022 GE canvas report	4,144,125 votes counted			
	Illinois Voter raw data, provided by the Illinois SBOE	4,116,634 voters who voted			
	DIFFERENCE:	27.491 more votes counted than voters who voted			

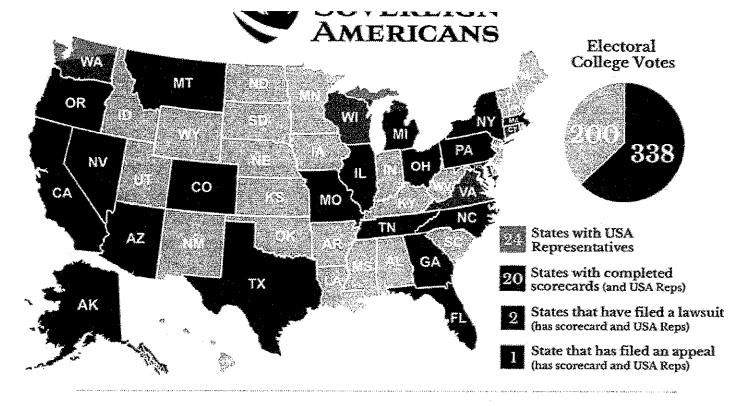
*	4. Was the number of ballots in error valid according to the Help America Vote Act of 20			
	Ballots with apparent voting violations in the 2022 GE according to IL SBOF raw data	589 985		

Allowable machine error rate is 1/10,000,000 ballot positions or 1/125,000 ballots

589,952 unresolved vote errors

"Congress seeks. . . . to guard the election of members of Congress against any possible unfairness by compelling, under its pains and penalties, everyone concerned in holding the election to a strict and scrupulous observance of every duty devolved upon him while so engaged. . . . The evil intent consists in disobedience to the law." —In re Coy, 127 U.S. 731 (1888)

^{*}Extracted from an official copy of the Illinois Voter database provided by IL SBOE, received on January 25, 2023.



Aggregate data for 20 states with completed scorecards'



Sum of Apparently Ineligible Voter Registrations

